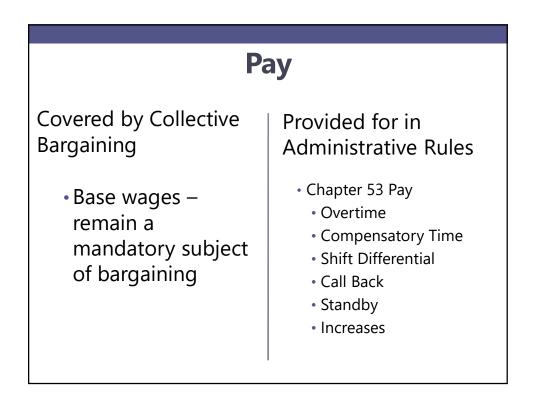


Management Rights

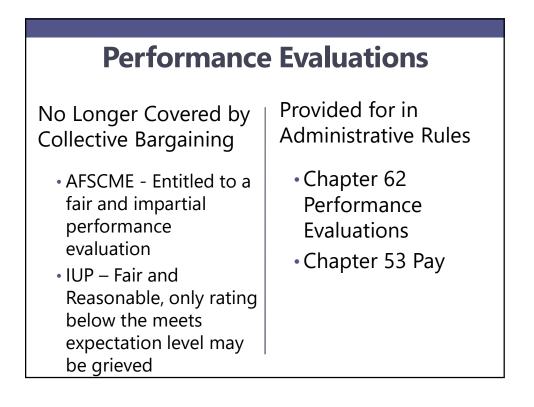
20.7 Public employer rights.

- Public employers shall have, in addition to all powers, duties, and rights established by constitutional provision, statute, ordinance, charter, or special act, the exclusive power, duty, and the right to:
 - 1. Direct the work of its public employees.
 - 2. Hire, promote, demote, transfer, assign and retain public employees in positions within the public agency.
 - 3. Suspend or discharge public employees for proper cause.
 - 4. Maintain the efficiency of governmental operations.
 - 5. Relieve public employees from duties because of lack of work or for other legitimate reasons.
 - 6. Determine and implement methods, means, assignments and personnel by which the public employer's operations are to be conducted.
 - 7. Take such actions as may be necessary to carry out the mission of the public employer.
 - 8. Initiate, prepare, certify and administer its budget.
 - 9. Exercise all powers and duties granted to the public employer by law.



Leave

Not Covered under the 2017-2019 CBA	Provided for in Administrative Rules
•90 day medical leave without pay	 Chapter 63 Leave Vacation Leave Sick Leave Leave without Pay Holidays FMLA – Federal Law



Discipline and Grievances

Not Covered Under the 2017-2019 CBA

Grievance Procedure

- Representation
- Processing Grievances
- GRIP

Provided for in Administrative Rules

- Chapter 60 Separations, Disciplinary Actions and Reduction in Force
 - Just Cause Standard
- Chapter 61 Grievances and Appeals
 - Grievance Process
 - Peer

Employee Status - Discipline Merit covered, Contract covered Disciplinary grievances can be filed Merit covered, Non-Contract Disciplinary grievances can be filed Merit Exempt, Contract covered Disciplinary grievances cannot be filed Merit Exempt, Non-Contract (At-will) Disciplinary grievances cannot be filed

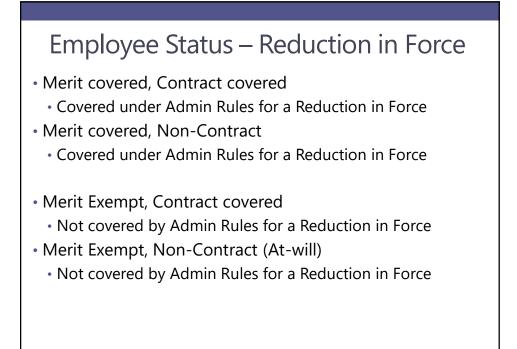
Reduction in Force

No Longer Covered by Collective Bargaining

- Lay-off
 Procedures
 - Seniority
 - Bumping
 - Recall Pick 15

Provided for in Administrative Rules

- Chapter 60
 Separations,
 Disciplinary Actions and Reduction in
 Force
 - Retention Points
 - Bumping
 - Recall



Vacancies and Hiring Process

Not Covered Under the 2017-2019 CBA

- Definition of a Permanent Vacancy
- AFSCME 12 Step Hiring Process
- IUP 4 Step Hiring Process

Provided for in Administrative Rules

- Chapter 59
 Separations,
 Disciplinary Action,
 and Reduction in
 Force
 - Transfer Vacant
 Position



Overtime Application and Pay Administration

Overtime

- Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) federal law
- Either Covered or Exempt
 - DAS-HRE designates by class
- FLSA-Covered employees:
 - OT based on *hours worked* in excess of 40
 - Premium overtime of 1.5 times the regular rate
 - Compensatory time off may be earned in lieu of cash
- FLSA-Exempt employees: no OT required

Overtime Application (Current State)

- Current overtime for FLSA-exempt employees
 - "Straight," or hour-for-hour overtime
 - Examples: Accountants, Info Tech Specialists, Program Planners, Public Defenders, Revenue Examiners
 - "Premium," or time-and-a-half overtime
 - Examples: Registered Nurses, Activities Specialists, Physician Assistants
 - No overtime
 - Examples: Education Program Consultants, Librarians, Educators

Overtime Application (Current State)

- CBAs: OT calculations for most classes based on hours worked in excess of 40 hours in *pay status*
 - -includes vacation, comp time, sick leave, etc.



Overtime Application (Future State)

- Defaulting to what is required by the FLSA
 - FLSA-covered positions will continue to earn premium overtime (no change from current state)
 - FLSA-exempt positions will no longer earn overtime
- Handled the same way as non-contract employees



- Comp Time Bank Maximums (current)
 Some up to 240 hours
- Comp Time Bank Maximums (future)
 - -Will be capped at 80 hours
 - -Same as non-contract employees

HRIS Changes

- Compensatory time bank maximum hours (set to 80)
- Overtime codes
 - Determined by FLSA status
- Time types
 - Fewer time types to choose from
 - Similar to non-contract staff

Within-Grade (Merit) Increases

- Within-grade increases in the CBAs are currently automatic "step" increases (4.5%)
- Future State: Same process as non-contract employees
 - Not automatic
 - Still in accordance with the employee's pay increase eligibility date
 - Based on performance; evaluation must be on file

Within-Grade (Merit) Increases

- Best practices
 - Structure applied consistently and fairly among employees
 - Performance



Sample structure:

% Increase	Rating Guidelines	
%	Overall rating of Exceeds Expectations	
%	Exceeds Expectations on one primary goal	
%	Overall rating of Meets Expectations	
%	Overall rating of Meets Expectations; however, requires prompting/counseling to complete assigned job duties	
%	Overall rating of Meets Expectations; however, has one or more strategies/goals that Does Not Meet Expectations	
%	Overall rating of Does Not Meet Expectations	

Class and Pay Plans

- The State's Class and Pay Plan has codes for the following fields:
 - -OT Eligibility
 - FLSA Status
 - -Bargaining Unit and Status
 - Pay Plan
 - Pay Grade
 - 5-Digit Job Class Code



Classification	and Pay
----------------	---------

The Human Resources Enterprise Classification and Compensation section administers many programs related to employee pay and job classification. Some of the other responsibilities of the Human Resources Classification and Compensation section include: overtime policies, salary and benefit surveys, processing and post-auditing payroll documents, job evaluation, and rules.

The Job Classification System is designed to provide an orderly and equitable process to group job duties and responsibilities. Job classes provide the basis upon which recruitment and screening, pay grades, and other human resource management decisions are made.

Job Class Descriptions	Job classification descriptions provide more detailed information on the job classifications in state government. Information includes examples of work duties, competencies (knowledge, abilities, and skills) required for successful performance, and minimum education and experience qualification requirements.
Classification Series Guidelines	Classification series guidelines provide more detailed information on the different levels of job classifications within a series.
Class and Pay Plans	Classification and pay plans which are suitable for printing are available at this link.
Interactive Class and Pay Plan	The interactive class and pay plan shows rates of pay and the job class descriptions for any job class. Locate job classes by partial or complete job class title or code.
Selective List	The list of additional qualification requirements (known as selectives) is available in PDF format, and is organized two different ways:
	 A <u>categorical list</u> sorts all selectives into categories based on type of required technical competency. The various categories are listed in the table of contents. Some selectives appear in more than one category. A <u>numerical list</u> arranges all selectives numerically by three-digit code.
	Each selective has a definition explaining its requirements. Both the categorical and numerical lists are searchable for specific words by using the <i>Edit > Find</i> function in Adobe Reader.

Interac	tive Clas	s and F	Pay Pla	n				
	Class	Plan						
<u>Class Plan</u> Enter Full/Partial Job <u>View all Classes</u>	Title or Class Co	ode		Search	1			
first p	revious 1 <u>2 3 4 5</u>	i 6 7 8 9 10	next last					
Click Class Titles Below to see Class and Pay Information			Click Here to	See Code	s Defined			
Class Title	Class Code	Pay Plan	Pay Grade	Over Time	FLSA	Bargain Unit	EEO	occ
ACCOUNT CONSULTANT	04796	014	32	1	N	004N	6	4850
ACCOUNTANT 2	00311	014	26	1	N	004N	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT 2	90311	000	26(-04)	0	N	004E	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT 3	00312	014	30	1	N	004N	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT 3	903 <mark>1</mark> 2	000	30	0	N	004E	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT 3 (SUPERVISOR)	00314	000	30	0	N	004S	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT 4	00315	000	34	0	N	004S	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT/AUDITOR 1	00309	014	22	1	N	004N	2	0800
ACCOUNTING CLERK 1	00305	014	14	2	Y	001N	6	5120
ACCOUNTING CLERK 2	00306	014	17	2	Y	001N	6	5120
ACCOUNTING CLERK 3	00307	014	19	2	Y	001N	6	5120
ACCOUNTING CLERK 3	90307	000	19	2	Υ	001E	6	5120
ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN 1	00290	014	17	2	Y	002N	6	5120
ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN 2	00292	014	20	2	Y	002N	6	5120
ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN 2	90292	000	20	2	Y	002E	6	5120
ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN 3	00294	014	23	2	Y	002N	6	<mark>51</mark> 20
ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN 3	90294	000	23	2	Y	002E	6	5120

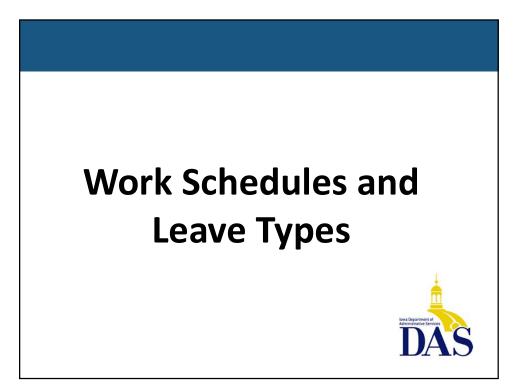
Interac	tive Clas	s and I	Pay Pla	n				
	Class	Plan						
Class Plan								
Enter Full/Partial Job	Title or Class Co	de		Search	1			
View all Classes								
first p	revious 1 <u>2 3 4 5</u>	<u>i 6 7 8 9 10</u>	<u>next last</u>					
Click Class Titles Below to see Class and Pay Information			Click Here to	See Code	s Defined			
Class Title	Class Code	Pay Plan	Pay Grade	Over Time	FLSA	Bargain Unit	EEO	occ
ACCOUNT CONSULTANT	04796	014	32	1	N	004N	6	4850
ACCOUNTANT 2	00311	014	26	1	N	004N	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT 2	90311	000	26(-04)	0	N	004E	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT 3	00312	014	30	1	N	004N	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT 3	903 <mark>1</mark> 2	000	30	0	N	004E	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT 3 (SUPERVISOR)	00314	000	30	0	N	004S	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT 4	00315	000	34	0	N	004S	2	0800
ACCOUNTANT/AUDITOR 1	00309	014	22	1	N	004N	2	0800
ACCOUNTING CLERK 1	00305	014	14	2	Y	001N	6	<mark>51</mark> 20
ACCOUNTING CLERK 2	00306	014	17	2	Y	001N	6	5120
ACCOUNTING CLERK 3	00307	014	19	2	Y	001N	6	5120
ACCOUNTING CLERK 3	90307	000	19	2	Y	001E	6	5120
ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN 1	00290	014	17	2	Y	002N	6	5120
ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN 2	00292	014	20	2	Y	002N	6	5120
ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN 2	90292	000	20	2	Y	002E	6	5120
ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN 3	00294	014	23	2	Y	002N	6	<mark>51</mark> 20
ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN 3	90294	000	23	2	Y	002E	6	5120

	Pay Plan		
Return to <u>Class Plan</u> > <u>Pa</u>	ay Plan		
Enter Full/Partial Job Title or	Class Code		Search
View all Classes			
Class Title: AC	COUNTING CL	ERK 2 (00306)	
Pay Plan: 014	Pay Grade	: 17	
Effective Date:	12/30/2016		
	MIN	MAX	
Hourly	\$14.70	\$21.40	
Biweekly	\$1,176.00	\$1,712.00	
Yearly	\$30,576.00	\$44,512.00	

Resources

- Interactive Class and Pay Plan
- DAS-HRE Managers & Supervisors Manual
- Your Human Resources Associate (HRA)
- Your DAS-HRE Personnel Officer





Shift Differential

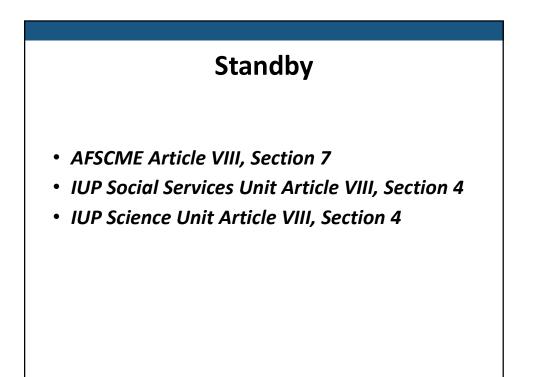
- AFSCME Article VIII, Section 6
- IUP Social Services Unit Article VIII, Section 8
- IUP Science Unit No provision

Shift Differential

- DAS administrative rule 11.50.1, 11-53.9(1)
 - Shift differential will be determined by <u>the</u>
 <u>Director and paid in cents per hour.</u>
 - One rate for the 6:00 pm to midnight time period.
 - One rate for the midnight to 6:00 am time period.
 - Anticipate Shift Differential to remain or similar to the same rate - when determined, info will be shared by management.

Call Back

- AFSCME Article VIII, Section 8
- IUP Social Services Unit Article VIII, Section 7
- IUP Science Unit Article VIII, Section 7
- DAS administrative rule 11.50.1, 11-53.9(2)
 - Guaranteed minimum of 3 hours.
 - FLSA exempt do not get overtime.



Standby

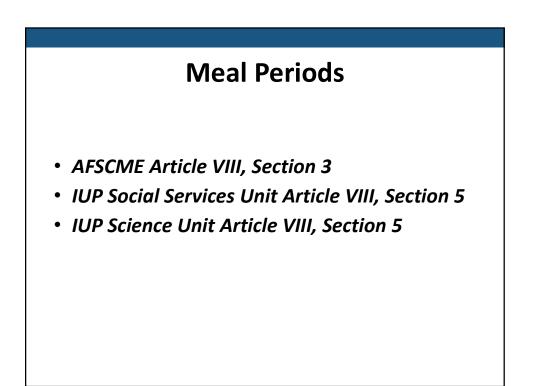
- DAS administrative rule 11.50.1, 11-53.9(3)
 - -10% hourly rate no premium for holidays.
 - Standby does not count as time worked for overtime purpose.
 - FLSA exempt do not get overtime.

Holiday & Holiday Premium Pay

- AFSCME Article IX, Section 12
- IUP Social Services Unit Article IX, Section 9-10
- IUP Science Unit Article IX, Section 9-10

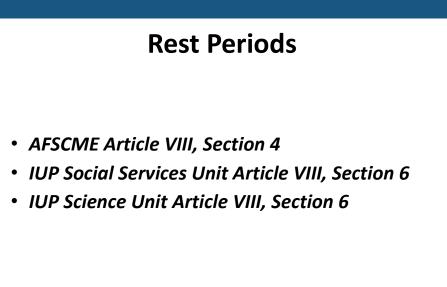


- Iowa Code 1C.2
- Administrative Rule 11.63.8
 - 9 scheduled holidays plus 2 unscheduled holidays or leave days are accrued as vacation.
 - If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled workday, employees will receive 8 hours or the number of hours scheduled to work, which ever is greater.
 - Compensation either in cash or compensatory time.



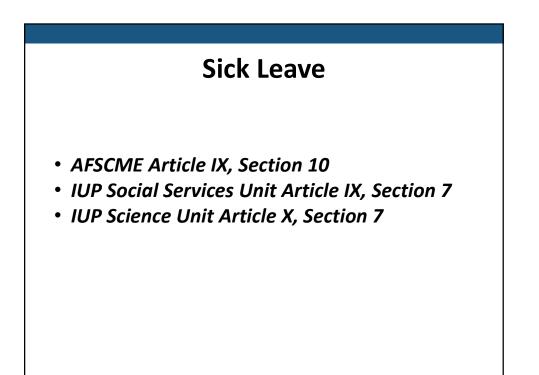
Meal Periods

- No DAS administrative rule
- The State of Iowa Employee Handbook
 - 30 minute unpaid meal period to be arranged through the employee's supervisor.



Rest Periods

- No DAS administrative rule.
- The State of Iowa Employee Handbook
 - 15 minute rest period in each half of the work day.



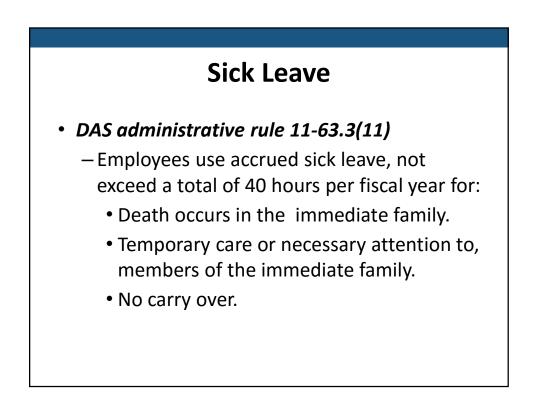
Sick Leave

• Iowa Code 70A

• DAS administrative rule 11-63.3

- Accrual rate:

- 0 750 hours 12 hours
- 750 hours 1,500 hours 8 hours
- Over 1,500 hours 4 hours
- Sick leave can be used for personal illness and medical and dental appointments.
- Absences exceeding 3 working days shall be verified by medical verification if required by agency.



Personal Leave

- IUP Social Services Unit Article X, Section 6
 - Members employed at the beginning of the fiscal year will be permitted to use up to 40 hours of paid personal leave each FY.
 - Allowed to carry over up to 40 hours of unused leave to the next FY.
 - Can be used for any matter of personal importance.
- IUP Science Unit No provision
- No DAS administrative rule

Personal Leave

Only IUP Social Unit – this issues is currently in litigation. Information will be disseminated as it is available.



- *Federal law* No change to the way we currently administer FMLA.
- DAS Administrative rule 11-64.4(14)
 - Employees who qualify for FMLA retain up to 2 weeks of accrued vacation leave each FY.

Unpaid Medical Leave of Absence

- AFSCME Article X, Section 3(D)
- IUP Social Services Unit and Article X, Section 3(D)
- IUP Science Unit Article X, Section 3(D)

Leave without Pay

- DAS administrative rule 11-63.5 and 11-63.5(1)
- 11-63.5 (8A)

 Written request and written approval by the appointing authority may be granted leave without pay for any reason deemed satisfactory to the appointing authority.

Leave without Pay

- 11-63.5(1)
 - Leave without pay shall not originally be granted for more than 12 consecutive months.
 - Accrued leave need not be exhausted before leave without pay is granted.
 - <u>Except</u> Accrued sick leave must be exhausted if the reason for leave without pay is due to a medically related disability.

The granting of leave without pay is an agency decision unless required by law.

Other Leaves Provided Under the DAS Administrative Rules

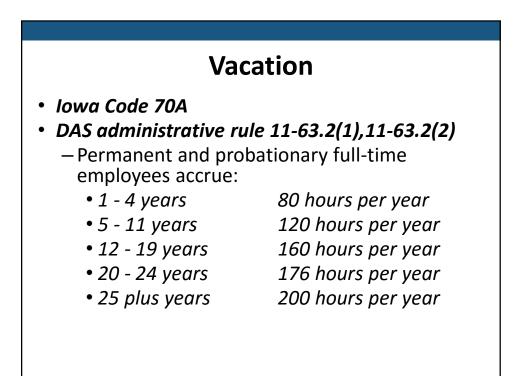
- 11-63.9 Military Leave
- 11-63.10 Education Leave
- 11-63.11 Election Leave
- 11-63.12 Court Appearance and Jury Duty
- 11-63.13 Voting Leave
- 11-63.14 Disaster Service Volunteer leave

Other Leaves Provided Under the DAS Administrative Rules

- 11-63.15 Absences Due to Emergency Conditions
- 11-63.17 Examination and Interviewing Leave
- 11-63.18 Service on Committees, Boards and Commissions
- 11-63.19 Donated Leave for Catastrophic Illnesses
- 11-63.20 Bone Marrow and Organ Donation Leave

Vacation

- AFSCME Article IX, Section 11
- IUP Social Services Unit Article IX, Section 8
- IUP Science Unit Article IX, Section 8

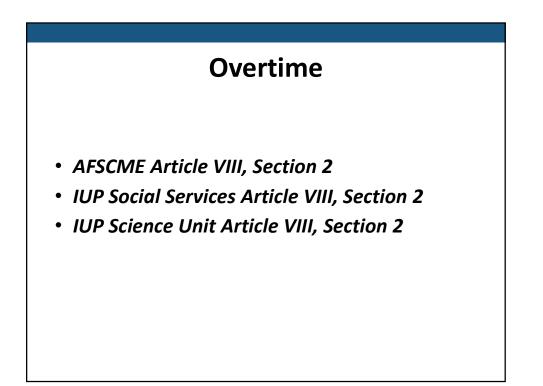


Vacation

- Iowa Code 70A
- DAS administrative rule 11-63.2(1), 11-63.2(2)

 Vacation approval by appointing authority takes into consideration operational efficiency, employee preferences and requires reasonable effort to provide vacation to prevent any loss of vacation accrual.

Agencies can develop or revise vacation policies to incorporate criteria other than seniority in making scheduling decisions.



Overtime

• DAS Administrative rule 11-53.11

State pays overtime per FLSA – Unless otherwise designated by the DAS Director.
Overtime exempt employees do not get paid for hours worked or in pay status over 40

hours in a workweek.

— The DAS administrative rules place no restrictions on the scheduling of overtime.

Agencies can develop or revise policies on scheduling overtime using criteria other than seniority.

Flexible Schedules

- AFSCME Article VIII, Section 1(D)
- IUP Social Services Unit Article VIII, Section I
- IUP Science Unit Article VIII, Section I
- No DAS administrative rule.

Agencies can develop or revise policies to only permit such scheduling if it benefits the agency.

Schedule Changes

- AFSCME Article VIII, Section 1
- IUP Social Services Unit Article VIII, Section 1
- IUP Science Unit Article VIII, Section 1

Schedule Changes

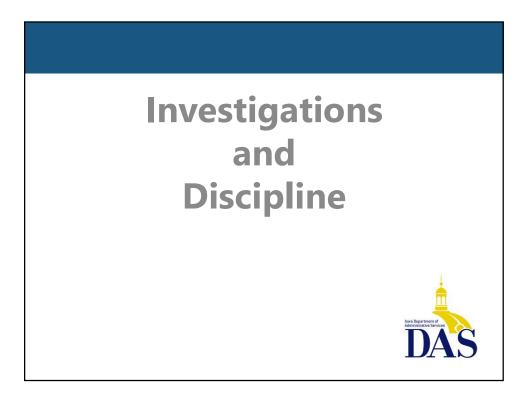
• No DAS administrative rule

Agencies can develop or revise policies on making scheduling decisions if it benefits the agency.

Contact your Personnel Officer if you have any questions or further assistance

Resources

- Iowa Code
- DAS Administrative Rules
- State of Iowa Employee Handbook



Principles Of An Investigation

Why we need to investigate

- Must be fair, thorough and comprehensive
- Needs to stand on its own if challenged
- Still a process, not an abbreviated method to get to discipline

Tenets Of An Investigation

- What triggers an investigation?
- Things to consider in preparing
- Managing the investigation meeting
- Conducting the investigation
- Concluding the investigation

Observing The Just Cause Analysis

- What is just cause?
- When does it apply?
- How is just cause weighed?



Just Cause Notice Reasonable Rule Investigation Fair Investigation Proof Equal Treatment Penalty

Issuing Discipline

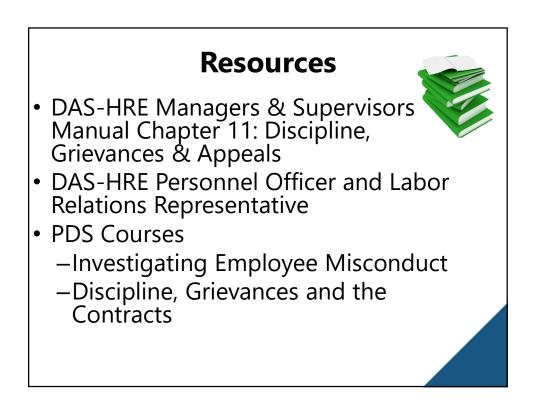
- Discipline process
- Changes to discipline letters
- Loudermill Meeting

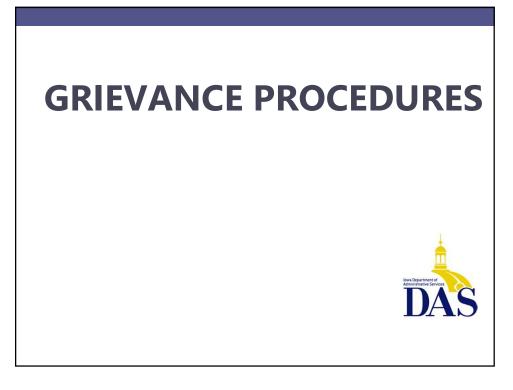
What should be in the discipline letter

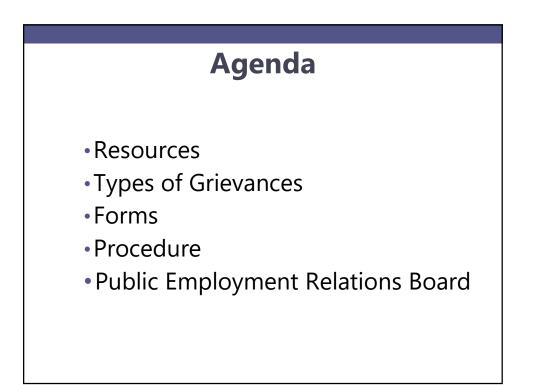
- Effective date of suspension.
- Length of suspension in workdays.
- Return to work date.
- Written notice of infraction, citing specific rule(s) and policy(s) violated.
- Specific information (dates, times, what occurred) regarding the unacceptable behavior or performance.
- Information regarding what is expected of the employees to correct the problem or performance.
- Appeal rights (otherwise know as non-contract grievance rights)
- Notice pursuant to Iowa Code Section 22.7(11)(a)(5) and 22.15 that the disciplinary action may become a public record.

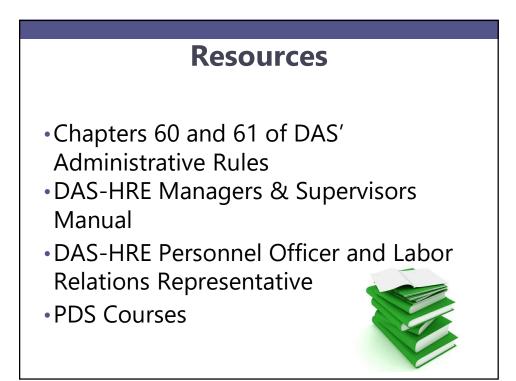
Appeal Rights for Merit Covered Employees

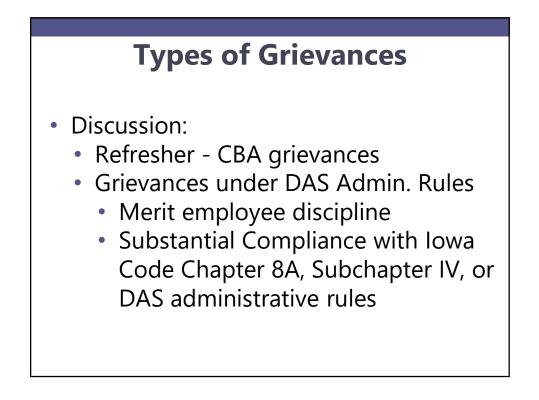
- DAS-HRE administrative rules require discipline notices for suspension, reduction of pay within the same pay grade, disciplinary demotion or discharge, cite the following language from 11-subrule 61.2(6) be included verbatim in the notice:
- **61.2(6)** Appeal of disciplinary actions. Any non-temporary, noncontract employee covered by merit system provisions who is suspended, reduced in pay within the same pay grade, disciplinarily demoted, or discharged, except during the employee's period of probationary status, may bypass steps one and two of the grievance procedure provided for in rule 11-61(8A) and may file an appeal in writing to the director for a review of the action within 7 calendar days after the effective date of the action. The appeal shall be on the forms prescribed by the director. The director shall affirm, modify or reverse the action and shall give a written decision to the employee within 30 calendar days after the receipt of the appeal. The time may be extended by mutual agreement of the parties. If not satisfied with the decision of the director, the employee may request an appeal hearing before the public employment relations board as provided in subrule 61.2(5).











Types of Grievances

•Quick Transition Note:

•Grievances arising under 2015-2017 agreements will follow the grievance procedures outlined in those agreements.

Types of Grievances – CBA Refresher

- Collective Bargaining Agreements:
 - Language Disputes
 - Union alleges Management violated some provision of the CBA

Types of Grievances – CBA Refresher

- Discipline (just cause)
 - Union alleges Management lacked "just cause" to discipline an employee

Type of Grievances - Admin. Rules

- Generally, grievances filed under DAS' administrative rules fall into one of two categories:
 - Merit-covered employee discipline
 - Substantial compliance with Iowa Code Chapter 8A, Subchapter IV, and DAS' administrative rules

Merit-Covered Employee Discipline

- Iowa Code sections 8A.411(4), 415(2)(b) and DAS rule 11-60.2 require just cause for the following types of disciplinary actions taken with respect to merit-covered employees:
 - Suspension
 - •Reduction in pay within the same paygrade
 - Demotion
 - Discharge

Merit-Covered Employee Discipline

 Written reprimands, or other similar types of disciplinary action not previously listed, are considered "substantial compliance"

grievances.



Merit-Covered Employee Discipline

 Grievant must show Management did not substantially comply with just cause requirement for Merit covered employees



Substantial Compliance Grievances

- Grievant must establish that Management failed to substantially comply with a provision of:
 - Iowa Code Chapter 8A (DAS' Code), Subchapter IV (Merit System);
 - DAS' Administrative Rules

What Is "Substantial Compliance"

- Substantial compliance means actual compliance in respect to the substance essential to every reasonable objective of the statute/rule.
- In other words, a substantial compliance determination evaluates whether the statute/rule has been followed sufficiently so as to carry out the intent for which it was adopted.

What Is "Substantial Compliance"

- What constitutes substantial compliance with a statute/rule depends upon the facts of each particular case
- Literal compliance is not required
- Again, the Grievant bears the burden (preponderance) to establish State's failure to substantially comply with a provision of lowa Code chapter 8A, subchapter IV, or DAS rule

Grievance Forms

- As of July 1, 2017, there will be no contract grievance forms as the CBAs will not contain a grievance procedure (will discuss this in a moment)
- Only grievances discussed previously on DASauthored forms are valid

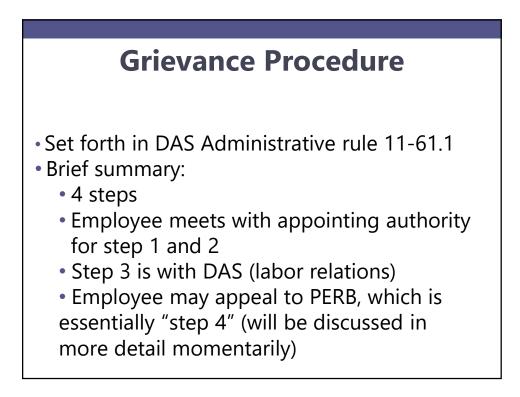
Grievance Forms

https://das.iowa.gov/sites/default/files/hr/doc uments/MS_manual/552-0248_noncontract_grievance_form.pdf

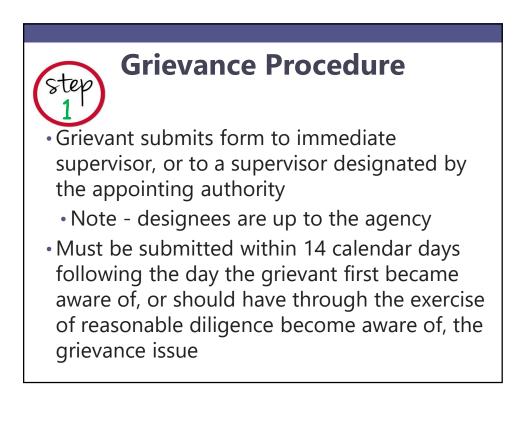
•These are the steps followed by the employee and management once a grievance has been filed.

•As previously noted, with the exception of the SPOC CBA, no CBA will contain a grievance procedure

•Similar to the steps set forth in the current collective bargaining agreements



Grievance Procedure		
Written Reprimands	Suspension, Reduction in Pay, Demotion and Discharge	Non-Disciplinary Issue
1). Supervisor	1). Bypass Steps 1 and 2	1). Supervisor
2). Management Representative	2). Bypass Steps 1 and 2	2). Management Representative
3). DAS-Labor Relations	3). DAS-Labor Relations	3). DAS-Labor Relations
4). PERB	4). PERB	4). PERB

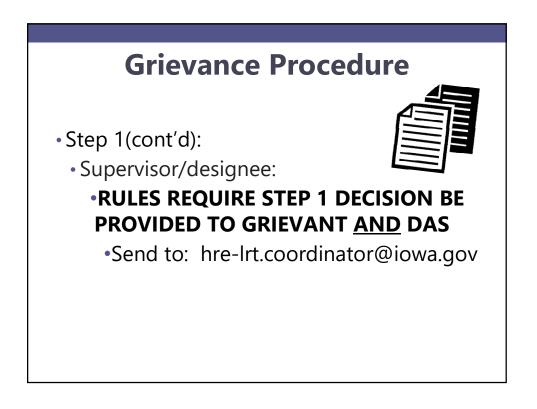


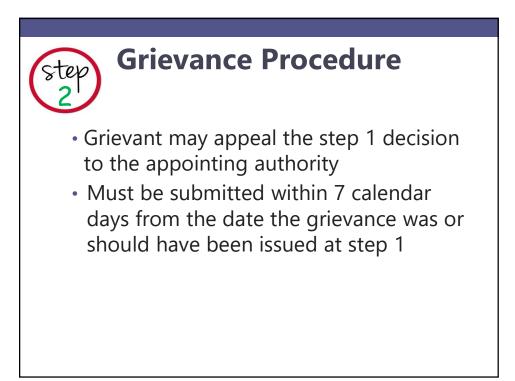


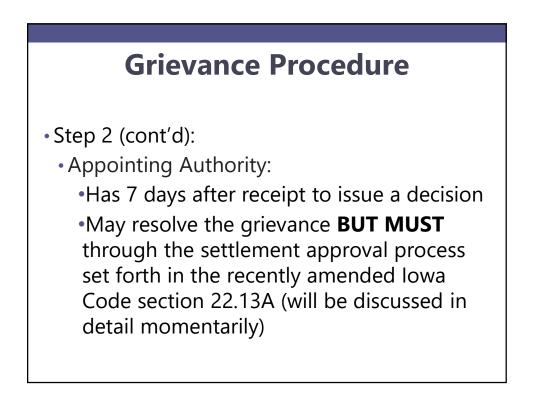
• Step 1(cont'd):

- Supervisor/designee:
 - •Has 7 days after receipt to issue a decision

•May resolve the grievance without going through the settlement approval process set forth in the recently amended Iowa Code section 22.13A (will be discussed in detail momentarily)









• Step 2 (cont'd):

• Appointing Authority:

•RULES REQUIRE STEP 2 DECISION BE PROVIDED TO GRIEVANT <u>AND</u> DAS

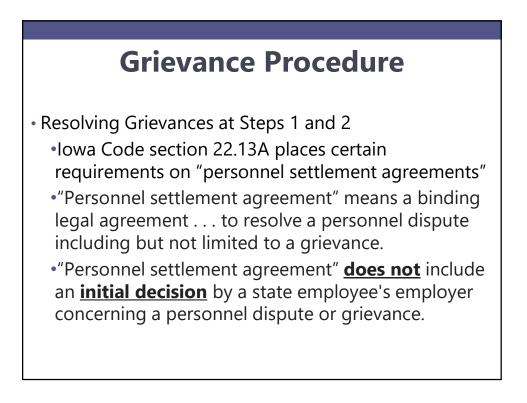
•Send to: hre-lrt.coordinator@iowa.gov

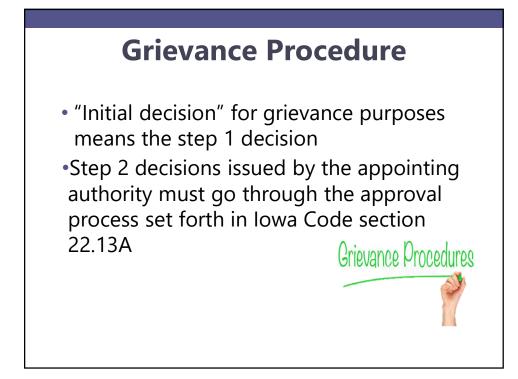


- Grievant may appeal the step 2 decision to DAS (*i.e.*, these are submitted to DAS-LRT)
- Must be submitted within 7 calendar days from the date the grievance was or should have been issued at step 2

• Step 3 - Bypass Steps 1 and 2:

- •An employee may bypass steps 1 and 2 and file a grievance directly with DAS if the grievance involves:
- •A suspension, reduction in pay within the same pay grade, disciplinarily demotion, or discharge
- •An allegation of discrimination and the responding party is the person against whom the grievance is being filed





•Under section 22.13A, a personnel settlement agreement must be approved by:

- •Appointing authority Director, DAS and DOM Directors; must also be reviewed by AG's office
- •In summary, you have the authority to resolve a grievance at Step 1. Any resolution after that decision is issued by following section 22.13A.

•Contact your LRT representative for settlements

•Grievance meetings:

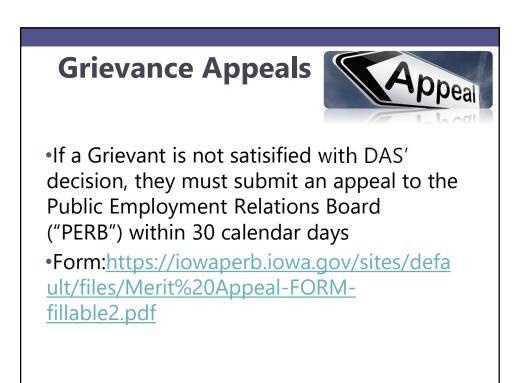
- A formal meeting is not required; however, a discussion with the employee prior to issuing a decision is encouraged
- "All reasonable attempts" must be made to hold the meeting (if one is held) during the employee's regularly scheduled shift

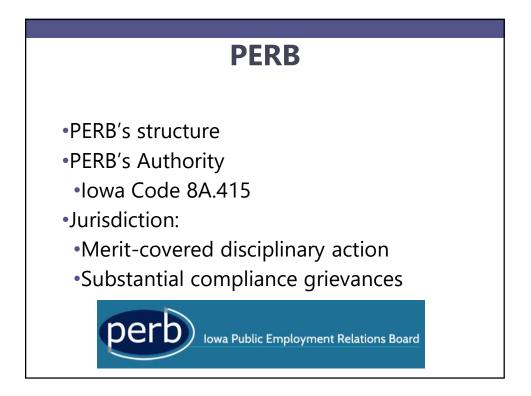
Grievance Procedure

•Grievance meetings (cont'd):

- A Grievant may have the assistance of a peer at the grievance meeting
- The Grievant and peer shall be in paid status for time spent traveling to, attending and returning from a grievance meeting (no mileage reimbursement required)
- For group grievances, only one Grievant in paid status

- •Grievance meetings (cont'd):
- At step 3 meetings with DAS:
 - •Some grievances may be heard via document submission
 - •The LRT assigned to hear the grievance will advise of how the matter will be considered (*i.e.*, pursuant to document submission only, meeting and document submission, telephonic argument, etc.)





PERB		
• F	Process:	
	 Case processor - voluntary mediation 	
	 Assignment to a hearing officer 	
	(administrative law judge)	
	 Proposed decision issued by hearing officer 	
	 Proposed decision becomes final in 20 	
	days unless appealed by either party or	
	unilaterally reconsidered by the Board.	

PERB

• Process (cont'd):

•Decision becomes final after expiration of 20 days with no appeal or final action on the matter by the Board (*i.e.*, this is considered final agency action)

•Remedial jurisdiction

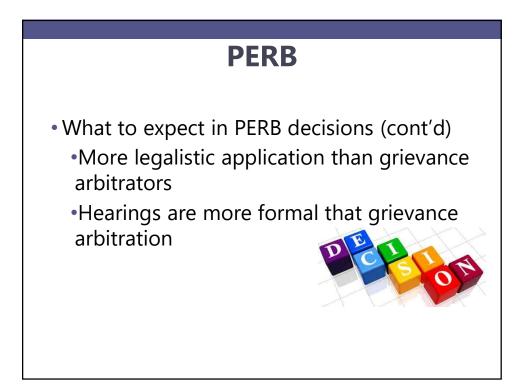
•Final agency action may be appealed to district court

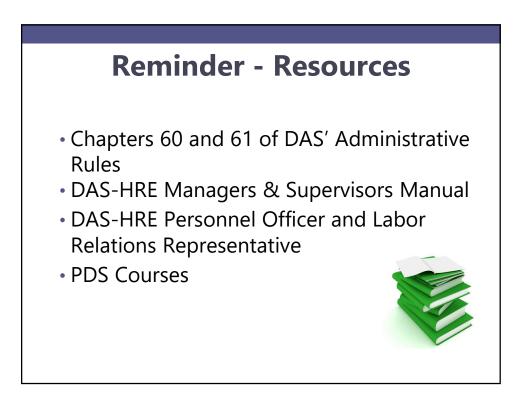
PERB

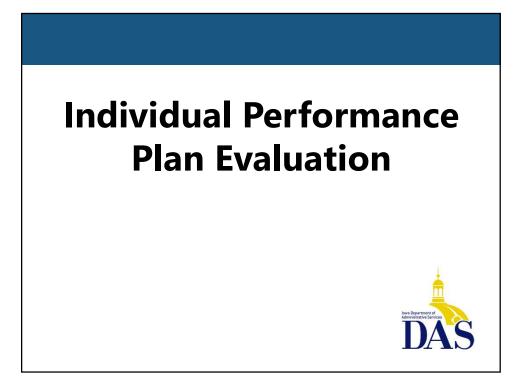
• What to expect in PERB decisions

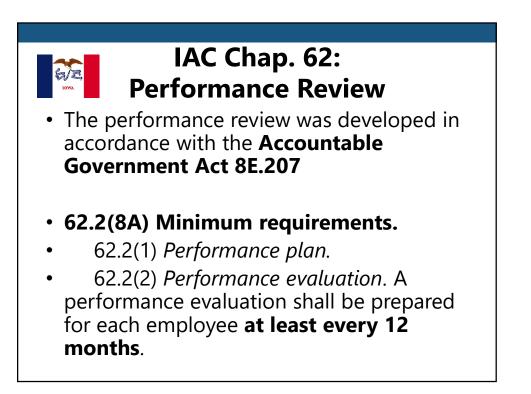
•PERB uses the just cause standard for merit employee discipline that considers the "totality of the circumstances" (*i.e.*, not a rigid application of just cause tenets). *See discipline grievance answers authored by LRT*

•PERB uses the substantial compliance standard previously discussed for nondiscipline grievances



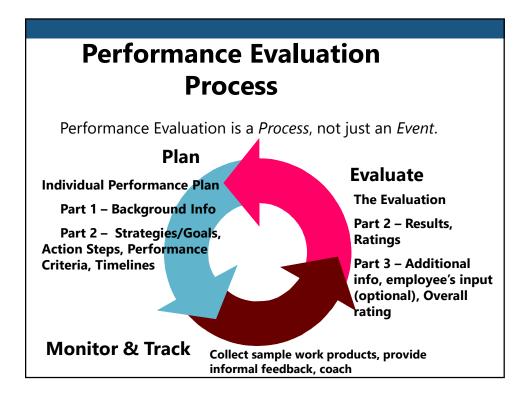






Additional Importance of Performance Evaluations

- Required for Wage Increases
 - -11 IAC 53.7(2)a
 - -Timely Completion
 - -Probation to Permanent
- Retention points for a reduction in force -11 IAC 60.3(3)
- Performance of duty
 - 11 IAC 66.4



Definitions for Ratings

- •Exceeds Expectations the employee consistently performs well beyond expectations (strategies, action steps, performance criteria, and timeframes) and does outstanding work.
- •Meets Expectations performance consistently fulfills the job requirements and expectations; the employee is doing the job expected for employees in this classifications.
- •**Does Not Meet Expectations** performance does not consistently meet expectations.

Purpose of Performance Evaluations

- Opportunity for the supervisor and employee to meet and communicate
- Provides meaningful performance feedback.
- Serving as formal documentation for personnel actions ranging from requiring trainings to discipline.
- Improving the agency's overall performance

Available Resources

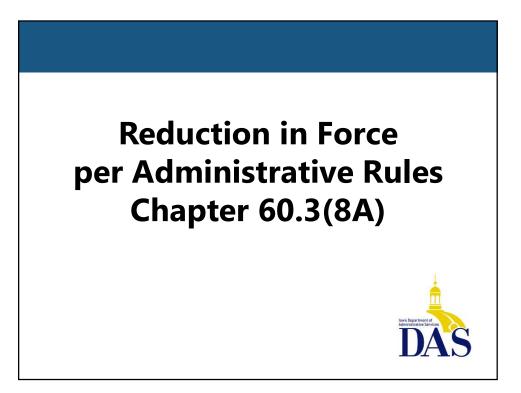
Managers and Supervisors Manual (Chapter 8)

DAS Administrative Rule 11-62

Iowa Code 8A.413, subsection 15

Performance & Development Solutions

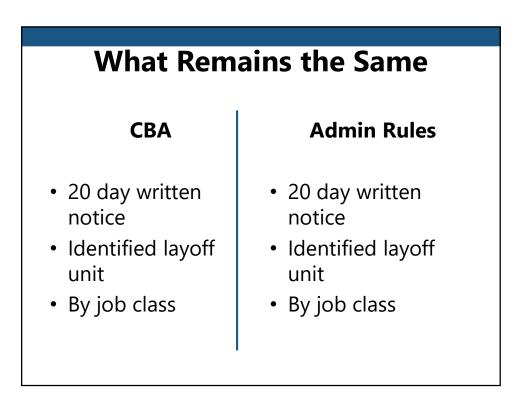




Training Objective

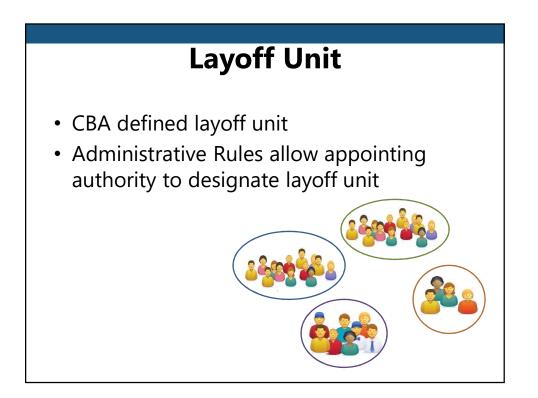
Clarify changes to the layoff procedures from the CBA language to the Administrative Rules.

- Layoff Unit
- Retention Points
- Bumping
- Recall



Layoff Plan

- What is it?
 - Determines the layoff unit
 - -Reason for the layoff
 - Identifies affected job classes and number of positions to be eliminated
 - -Amount of savings
 - -Effective date



Retention Points

- Determines layoff order
- Combination of two factors
 - Employee's length of service
 - Performance



Length of Service Credit

- One point for each month of service
- Service credit will not include
 - Temporary or seasonal employment
 - Suspension without pay
 - Leaves of absence
 - Period of layoff
 - Long-term disability



Credit for Performance

- Credit for performance
 - Satisfactory performance evaluations
 - No credit for performance rated "does not meet expectations"
- Service not covered by a performance evaluation will receive performance credit

Calculating Retention Points

- Complete Retention Point Worksheet
- One point for each month of service
- One point for each month with acceptable performance
- Add the points for total retention points

Example of Retention Points

Monty Mistakes - hired May 2010



Service Credit 7 years (12 points per year) = 84

Performance Credit – 2011 & 2012 PE "does not meet" 5 years of acceptable PEs = 60

Total Retention Points = 144

Example of Retention Points

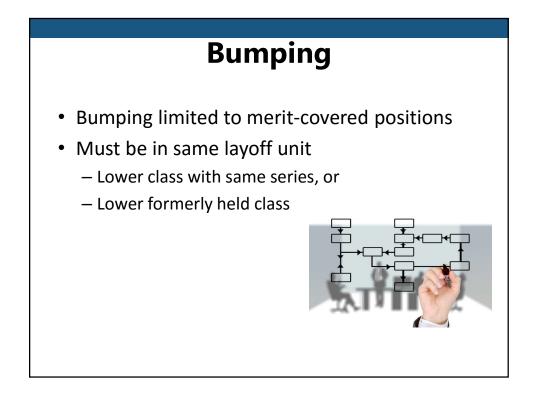
Edith Efficient – hired May 2011

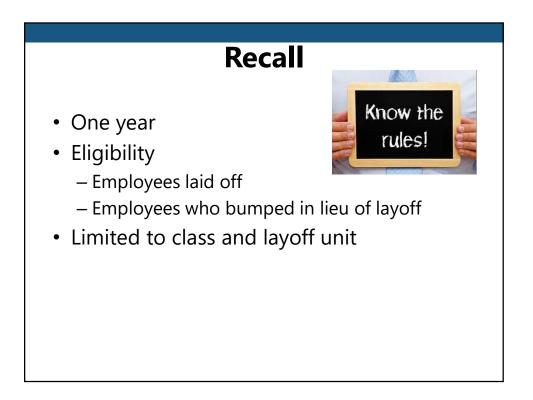
Service Credit 6 years (12 points per year) = 72



Performance Credit 6 years of acceptable PEs = 72

Total Retention Points = 144





Resources

- Chapter 60.3 (8A)
- Managers and Supervisors Manual
- Personnel Officer

